Apparition of the Virgin Mary at GUADALUPE

MARY appeared several times to Juan Diego, as an answer to Her divine grace, on the hill of Tepeyac, north of Mexico City. It seems that the Our Lady of Guadalupe was depicted in the native dress of the Aztecs, expressing different images of the Virgin Mary. This apparition is known as the Our Lady of Guadalupe, as well as the Virgin Mary of Chalma.

Third apparition

The next day, Sunday, December 10, after attending Mass, Juan Diego presented himself to the bishop. The bishop, infinitely moved by his story, invited Juan Diego to bring the image of the Virgin Mary to the bishop. Juan Diego, with great joy, brought the image to the bishop, who was even more impressed by the image. The bishop was so moved by the image that he decided to invoke the Virgin Mary of Guadalupe for the conversion of the Mexican people.

Fourth apparition

In the evening of Tuesday, December 12, Juan Diego, with the image of the Virgin Mary, invited the bishop to come to the place of the apparition to pray for the conversion of the Mexican people. The bishop arrived and was amazed by the image of the Virgin Mary. He was so moved by the image that he decided to invoke the Virgin Mary for the conversion of the Mexican people.

The apparition of Our Lady of Guadalupe is considered a significant event in Mexican history and is celebrated as a national holiday. The image of the Virgin Mary of Guadalupe is considered a symbol of Mexican identity and is venerated throughout Mexico.

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